## No.W-11042/21/2011-CRSP Government of India Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation NBA Division

12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Paryavaran Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi – 110003

Date: 10.7.2014

To.

The Principal Secretary / Secretary in charge Rural Sanitation All States / UTS

Subject: Monitoring Report submitted by National Level Monitors in respect of Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (NBA)

Sir,

As you aware Ministry of Rural Development is monitoring the implementation of their Programmes including Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (NBA) through National Level Monitors (NLMs). Ministry of Rural Development has forwarded a copy of the Regular Monitoring Report in respect of various districts of the country during Phase-II (May-July 2014). 287 districts in 26 states were covered by the NLMs during this phase. Based on these 287 district level reports received from the NLMs, programme wise reports have been prepared. Reports are available in the MORD's website.

2. A copy of the Report in respect of Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (NBA) is sent herewith. It is requested that concerned districts may be directed to take immediate cognizance of the points indicated in the Report.

Yours faithfully

Encl: An above

(Sujoy Mojumdar) Director (NBA)

Copy to:

- 1. State Coordinator, NBA, All States / UTS
- 2. Technical Director, NIC, MODW&S for hoisting on Ministry's website
  - 3. For File No. W-11042/21/2011-CRSP

## NLM

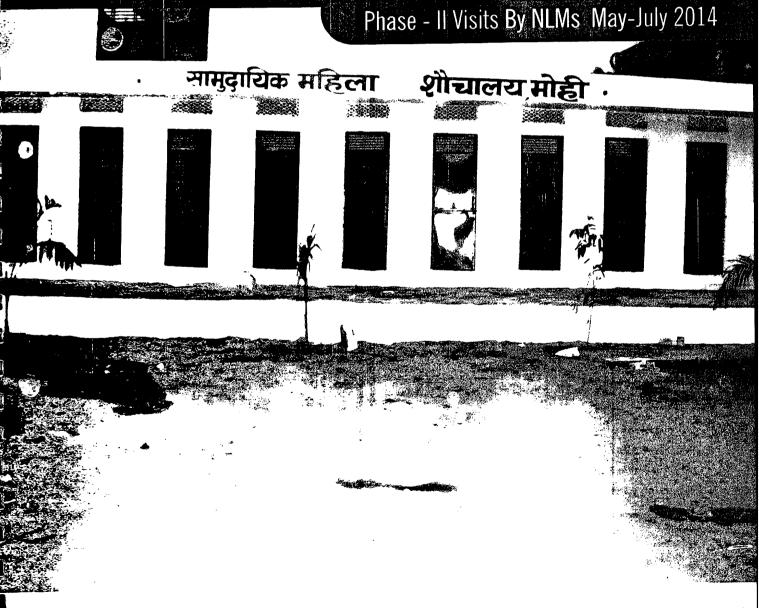
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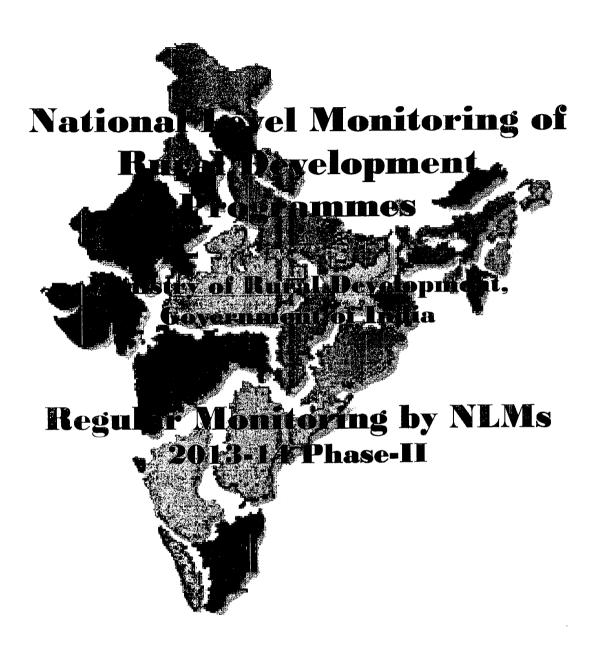
National Level Monitoring

Regular Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes





Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (NBA)



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Disclaimer: This is a compilation of the reports submitted by the National Level Monitors. The views expressed in this Report are those of the National Level Monitors, and do not necessarily represent the views of Ministry of Rural Development, the Government of India or CMI Social Research Centre.

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## Regular Monitoring by National Level Monitors (NLMs) 2013-14 Phase II

onitoring of Rural Development Programmes is being given a lot of importance by the Government of India. It is also considered very important for efficient delivery at the grass root level particularly in view of the substantial step up in the allocation of funds for rural development programmes. In order to be able to identify lacunae and discrepancies regularly a set of performance indicators have been developed for each of the Programme. Information collected on these indicators through various mechanisms help the programme managers to carry out mid course corrections as and when necessary.

The Ministry recognizes the importance of independent monitoring and has evolved a comprehensive mechanism for monitoring the implementation of its programmes through third party independent monitors. These National Level Monitors (NLMs) are drawn from a panel of selected retired civil/defence service officers and reputed and having experience in rural development sector. Academia with proven experience in social work related to rural development is also on this panel. Institutional NLMs are empanelled from reputed non government institutions having experience in monitoring and evaluation of the programmes of this Ministry.

	NI Ms reports should provide information that will be useful in
o .	Analyzing the situation of the programme;
	Determining whether the inputs in the programme are well utilized:
m-1	Identifying problems facing the community and finding solutions;
	Ensuring all activities are carried out properly by the right people and in time;
<b>i</b>	Using lessons from one project experience on to another;
	Determining the appropriateness of programme planning for achieving its
	objectives.

During the 2013-14 Phase I visits, reports were received for 299 Districts. In the Phase II, 287 Districts were covered.

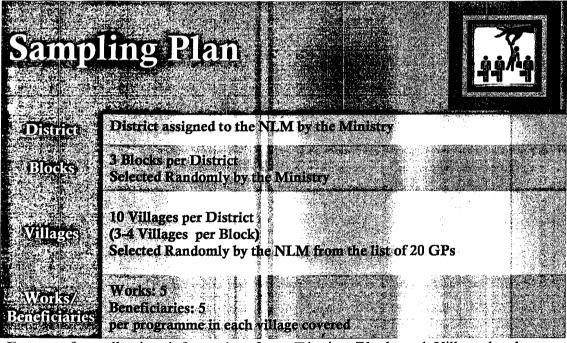
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NLMs were required to collect information on structured formats for each programme and submit a detailed report covering all the aspects of monitoring of all rural development programmes. The data so collected was entered online on a customized web based application and was collated and analysed for preparing this all India report.

The National Level Monitors were required to visit 10 villages in 3 Blocks during their visit in each District. The selection of Blocks/ Villages was done randomly by the Ministry. NLMs were provided a list of 20 GPs from which they were asked to select 10 villages. 3-4 Villages per block and not more than one village from a GP were to be selected. They were also asked to ensure selection of such villages where, to the extent possible, all the programmes of MoRD are implemented. The NLMs were also asked to avoid the villages already visited by the NLMs in the previous visits to the district.



Formats for collecting information from District, Block and Village level were circulated and the NLMs were asked to provide the information accordingly. A copy of formats A, B & C used for collecting information during this visit is provided at Annexure – II.